**Topics: Normal distribution, Functions of Random Variables**

The time required for servicing transmissions is normally distributed with *μ* = 45 minutes and *σ* = 8 minutes. The service manager plans to have work begin on the transmission of a customer’s car 10 minutes after the car is dropped off and the customer is told that the car will be ready within 1 hour from drop-off. What is the probability that the service manager cannot meet his commitment?

1. 0.3875
2. 0.2676
3. 0.5
4. 0.6987

**ANS:**B

1. The current age (in years) of 400 clerical employees at an insurance claims processing center is normally distributed with mean *μ* = 38 and Standard deviation *σ* =6. For each statement below, please specify True/False. If false, briefly explain why.
2. More employees at the processing center are older than 44 than between 38 and 44.

**ANS:**It is false because the probability of employees of age 44(63 employees) is less thanthe employees of age between 38 and 44(136 employees).

1. A training program for employees under the age of 30 at the center would be expected to attract about 36 employees.

**ANS:** It is true

1. If *X1*~ *N*(μ, σ2) and *X*2 ~ *N*(μ, σ2) areiidnormal random variables, then what is the difference between 2 *X*1 and *X*1 + *X*2? Discuss both their distributions and parameters.

**ANS:**

The diff between 2x1 and X1+X2 would be zero.2X1 is simply a larger scale version.

of the random variable X1 if X1 is normally distributed theen 2X1 is also normally distributed.X1 and X2 are normally distributed.the associated sums and random samples are exactly and not just approximately normal with the appropriate parameters.

1. Let X ~ N(100, 202). Find two values, *a* and*b*, symmetric about the mean, such that the probability of the random variable taking a value between them is 0.99.
2. 90.5, 105.9
3. 80.2, 119.8
4. 22, 78
5. 48.5, 151.5
6. 90.1, 109.9

**ANS**:Option D

The probability of option A,B,C,D,E are 0.2986,0.6778,0.1356,0.9899,0.3793 respectively.

1. Consider a company that has two different divisions. The annual profits from the two divisions are independent and have distributions Profit1 ~ N(5, 32) and Profit2 ~ N(7, 42) respectively. Both the profits are in $ Million. Answer the following questions about the total profit of the company in Rupees. Assume that $1 = Rs. 45
2. Specify a Rupee range (centered on the mean) such that it contains 95% probability for the annual profit of the company.
3. Specify the 5th percentile of profit (in Rupees) for the company
4. Which of the two divisions has a larger probability of making a loss in a given year?

**ANS:**

A)Rupee range for Profit1 ~ N(5, 32) is 446.85 million (Rupees)

Rupee range for Profit1 ~ N(7, 42) is 610.65 million (Rupees).

B)5th percentile of Profit1 ~ N(5, 32) is 2.92million (Rupees).

5th percentile of Profit1 ~ N(7, 42) is 18.9million (Rupees).

C)profit2 ~ N(7, 42) has larger probability of making a loss in a given year because it has high variance.